

BPS Marking Policy

Lead member of staff	Helen Williamson
Governor Committee	Pupil and Curriculum
Chair of Committee	J Newton Smith
Date of publication	September 2017
Reviewed date	22 October 2019

Marking is viewed as essential to, and an integral part of, effective teaching and learning. The purpose of marking is to provide feedback, or a record of feedback, to the child:

- Children so that they know what they have done well and how they can improve
- Teachers as part of the ongoing formative assessment process and as an aid to planning for progress
- Parents so that they can be informed about how their child is progressing

What do we mean by marking?

Marking is the oral and written feedback to children, the former given immediately to children and the latter as a record of discussion or direct feedback to the child as appropriate to their age. Marking will focus on:

- The child's achievement in reference to their individual target and/or the learning intention
- Specific ways in which the child's work could be improved (see wishes below)
 with the expectation is that this is done the following day or next appropriate
 opportunity

Expectations of marking of Literacy and maths focussed work:

- <u>All</u> work should be marked by the class teacher
- The marking code should be applied consistently to all work, focussing on corrections relevant to the child's ability and current targets
- All spellings and grammatical errors that are in the previous year's curriculum expectations, appropriate to the child's ability, should be corrected by the child as identified through the marking
- At least once a week, work should be 'deep marked'

What do we mean by 'deep marking'?

- Deep marking highlights what has been achieved and what needs to be improved in order to move forward. The 'Stars and a wish' approach will identify what the child has achieved (stars) related to their targets, and what their next step would be to improve their work and make progress (wish).
- Decisions about the number of stars and wishes given are left to the teacher and are dependent on the child's stage of development. There is no limit on

Learning, Growing and Achieving Excellence Together

the number of stars, but one wish is considered to be manageable and most effective.

- Stars are to be embedded in the body of the work (rather than as a list at the end), and wishes should refer to an immediate response required from the child, and come at the end of the piece of work.
- Wishes should either:
 - Be an immediate request to edit or make corrections: 'Go back and...'
 - Refer to request to achieve a target focus in the next piece of work: 'Next do this...'
 - Be an example question to be completed to show understanding or meet a challenge: 'Try this...'
- Pupil response to marking is expected at all levels and time will be allocated for children to do this. The record of dialogue between teacher and child is vital
- Self and peer assessment is actively encouraged. It is expected that evidence
 of this will be plentiful in children's books. The skills to be able to do this
 effectively will be taught to children and modelled in teaching
- All marking will be positive, feeding the intellect not the ego avoid 'good work' and 'well done'
- Use praise effectively and regularly to celebrate achievements but do not over praise; 'excellent' is only used if the work is truly excellent and if the praise is qualified...why is it excellent?

How often should teachers 'deep mark'?

- At least once a week in literacy and maths or appropriate to the piece of work – a writing outcome would require deep marking, a Book Talk response may not
- For all other subjects, at least one in three pieces of work

Reference to Learning Intentions in deep marking

- All learning must be made clear at the start of the lesson and effectively modelled. Children should not be having to guess what the teacher wants them to learn
- As soon as they are able, children should write the LI at the beginning of their work
- For younger children it could be copied and stuck in where appropriate and referred to in the marking. Spelling mistakes made by children when writing the LI and the date should always be corrected

What colour should be used when marking?

- Teachers mark in blue, TAs in green
- Children self assess and peer assess in red

Teachers' handwriting

• **It is vital** that children can read the teacher's handwriting and a <u>clear</u>, <u>cursive style should be modelled</u>. Effort spent on marking is wasted if it cannot be read or understood

Learning, Growing and Achieving Excellence Together

Moderation of marking

- SLT will monitor the quality of marking termly during scrutinies of work
- The assessment leader will monitor the quality of marking at least twice a year
- Phase leaders will ensure that time is made for moderation of marking across their key stage at least twice a year